# Non-pharmaceutical Interventions (NPI) for COVID - 19

## Session Outline

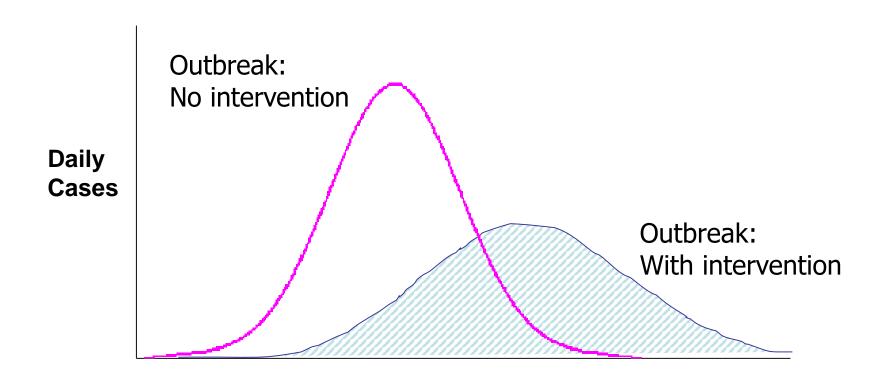
## Non-pharmaceutical Interventions (NPI)

- Concept and application
- Components and levels of interventions
- NPI in the context of COVID 19.
- Implementation of NPI
- Evaluation

## Potential Tools in Our Toolbox

- Vaccine best countermeasure is not readily available
- Antiviral drug could improve outcomes but no clarity yet.
- Antiviral prophylaxis not available hence no effect on reducing transmission
- Non-pharmaceutical interventions may reduce transmission and diminish overall health impact.

- 1. Delay disease transmission and outbreak peak
- 2. Reduce peak burden on healthcare infrastructure
- 3. Diminish overall cases and health impacts



## Isolation

- Separation and restricted movement of ill persons
- Would apply to even PUI
- Isolation in a hospital –ideally in a Biocontainment facility;
- if not available in an isolated room not sharing air-circulation with other rooms.
- Follow hospital infection prevention and control Recommendations

### Quarantine

- refers to separation and restriction of movement or activities.
- Persons who, while not yet ill, have been exposed to an infectious agent and therefore may become infectious.
- Often at home
- Follow infection control practices for home care settings

## Individual level

- Isolation
- Quarantine
- Infection control through simple public health measures
  - Hand washing
  - Respiratory etiquettes
  - Stay away
  - Use of PPE

## **Community level**

- Quarantine of groups/sites
- Community wide quarantine-Cordon Sanitaire
- Measures to increase social distance
  - School closures
  - Business and market closure
  - Cancellation of events
  - Movement restrictions

#### **National/International level**

- Non essential travel deferred
- Provide information to travelers
- Self recognition of illness and self reporting
- Entry screening (Passive)
- Exit Screening at Airports of affected countries
- Airport Quarantine
- Ban of flights/ ships originating from affected area

## NPI for COVID - 19

- Individual level
  - **≻**Isolation
    - ➤ Hospital setting
  - Quarantine
    - ➤ Home, POE and hospital settings
  - Simple public health measures for infection control (Hand washing, Hygiene, Sanitation, Respiratory etiquettes)
    - >Home, school, workplace, hospitals, markets
  - ➤ Use of masks and gloves (for care provider)
    - ➤ Home care, POE and hospital settings

## NPI for COVID - 19 cont'd

## Community level

- Quarantine of site (Hospital) in case of Nosocomial infection involving HCWs
- Social distancing measures / community wide quarantine not advocated.

### National/International level

- Non essential travel to be deferred.
- No need to restrict trade or Travel
- No import of bush meat or products of similar nature.
- Need to inform travelers on the risk

## Bio Safety and Clinical Requirements

- Ideally requires Bio Containment Treatment Facilities.
- These patients often requires intensive care that is not possible in many of our district level hospitals.
- Identified facilities also require high level of critical care management.
- It also need to have a laboratory to support investigations required to manage critical patients.
- Adequate Infection Prevention Control Practices.

## **Ideal Bio Containment Patient Care Unit**

- Negative air flow system with greater than 12 air exchanges per hour
- High-Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filtration system of exit air.
- Secured access, double door air lock main entrance
- Separate staff entrances and exits
- Staff decontamination shower
- Pass through autoclave to disinfect materials leaving the unit
- Dunk tank to decontaminate lab specimens leaving the unit
- Video phone for patient communication
- Dedicated laboratory to process the clinical samples.

# **Layout- Secondary Level CBRN Medical Management** Centre ■ PATIENT ENTRY STAFF ENTRY 1000 DETECTOR DUPMON PRINC DEMANDE THREE PACE

APPROXIMATE PLOT SIZE REQUIRED - 60 X 70 SQ.M.

- 1. Triage
- 2. Decon
- 3. Treatmen t area
- 4. Biocontai nment
- 5. Staff area

NOTE:-

1. BUILDING FOOT PRINT - 50 X 40 SQ.M. (APPROX.)

2. APPROXIMATE PLOT SIZE REQUIRED - 60 X 70 SQ.M.

TOTAL BUILTUP AREA =2000 SQ.M. (APPROX.)

**GROUND FLOOR PLAN** 

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	SACHEN MAHENDRU ARCHITECT	SANGEETA CAD OPERATOR	CENTRAL DESIGN BUREAU FOR MEDICAL AND HEALTH BUILDINGS, MOHBFW, NIRMAN BHAWAN, NEW DELHI				

ENTRANCE

## Suggested modalities for Isolation Facilities

## Isolation facilities for managing COVID - 19

- Single room with attached washroom, away from main patient care areas.
- The room needs to be kept closed.
- No visitor should be allowed except through tele/ video conference.
- Preferably maintain the room at negative pressure
- Health care workers attending on him should wear full complement of PPE.

## Pressure Monitors





# Air Filtration Systems





#### Portable units





# Infection control: Home care settings for Quarantine / Isolation

## Requirements

- The ill person should have his or her own bed preferably in a separate room.
- Adequate air-ventilation
- Basic amenities
- Toilet facilities that preferably only the ill person use.
- Identified primary caregiver for medications and care.
- Care giver should be briefed adequately on infection control practices.

## Health Monitoring

- Regular health monitoring of HCW in hospital settings/ Care givers in home care settings
- Self health monitoring advisory to other atrisk persons.
- Reporting to nearest health facility
- Details of accessible identified health facility.

#### Risk Communication

- Communicate the risk in clear consistent messages
- Convince public why the NPI measures are important and how they will protect the public.
- Wide spread dissemination through media
- One source for official information
- Prevention of incorrect information
- Allays psychological fear

## Implementation requires:

- Clear understanding of roles and responsibilities at all levels
- Coordinated planning by many partners
  - Public health authorities, health-care providers, emergency response teams, law enforcement, transportation, civil aviation, shipping authorities
- Trust and participation of the general public
  - Effective risk communication, support and coordination with community groups

### **Evidence Base**

- Limited scientific evidence about NP interventions currently exists.
- Historical and contemporary observations, anecdotal evidence
- Some evidence through mathematical models
- More Research is required

# Summary

- NPI likely to be useful in delaying and reducing disease transmission, and may decrease health impact
- NPI should be used in coordination with other interventions, and early implementation is crucial
- All measures should be implemented within context of local situation.
- Limited scientific evidence. Need for further research

# Thank you